



## PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

### *Oregon Congressional District 1*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.3 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 817,575 people in Oregon. The program served 100 percent of those eligible for benefits in Oregon in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

### Oregon Congressional District 1

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	43,704	253,664	297,368
With one or more people 60 years and over	24.2%	33.9%	32.4%
With Children under 18 years	51.3%	29.9%	33.1%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months</b>			
Below poverty level	41.3%	6.2%	11.3%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	80.8%	86.5%	85.7%
Black or African American	3.3%	1.1%	1.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.6%	0.6%	0.7%
Asian	3.8%	6.8%	6.3%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%
Some other race	6.3%	2.8%	3.3%
Two or more races	3.6%	2.1%	2.3%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	17.8%	7.4%	9.0%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	70.4%	82.3%	80.6%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$25,418	\$69,887	\$61,643
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	30,512	165,090	195,602
No workers in the past 12 months	16.9%	12.0%	12.8%
1 worker in the past 12 months	44.2%	30.4%	32.6%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	38.8%	57.6%	54.7%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries



## PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

### Oregon Congressional District 2

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.3 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 817,575 people in Oregon. The program served 100 percent of those eligible for benefits in Oregon in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

### Oregon Congressional District 2

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	65,640	239,363	305,003
With one or more people 60 years and over	24.7%	48.0%	42.9%
With Children under 18 years	47.6%	23.1%	28.4%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months</b>			
Below poverty level	45.9%	8.6%	16.6%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	88.8%	94.5%	93.3%
Black or African American	1.0%	0.2%	0.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native	3.1%	1.1%	1.5%
Asian	0.4%	1.0%	0.8%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%
Some other race	3.1%	1.3%	1.7%
Two or more races	3.3%	1.9%	2.2%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	13.5%	6.5%	8.0%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	79.3%	89.7%	87.5%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$21,160	\$50,722	\$42,658
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	43,597	155,311	198,908
No workers in the past 12 months	19.3%	21.1%	20.7%
1 worker in the past 12 months	46.7%	29.4%	33.2%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	34.1%	49.5%	46.1%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Oregon Congressional District 3*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.3 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 817,575 people in Oregon. The program served 100 percent of those eligible for benefits in Oregon in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

**Oregon Congressional District 3**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	63,524	247,210	310,734
With one or more people 60 years and over	24.2%	32.5%	30.8%
With Children under 18 years	40.8%	25.0%	28.2%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months</b>			
Below poverty level	47.5%	8.1%	16.1%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	74.1%	86.8%	84.2%
Black or African American	9.9%	3.6%	4.9%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.5%	0.6%	0.8%
Asian	5.7%	4.7%	4.9%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%
Some other race	4.2%	1.4%	1.9%
Two or more races	3.8%	2.6%	2.8%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	13.4%	5.6%	7.2%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	65.7%	82.9%	79.4%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$21,212	\$61,729	\$52,220
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	37,102	139,891	176,993
No workers in the past 12 months	20.2%	11.1%	13.0%
1 worker in the past 12 months	42.8%	30.5%	33.1%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	36.9%	58.4%	53.9%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries



## PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

### Oregon Congressional District 4

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.3 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 817,575 people in Oregon. The program served 100 percent of those eligible for benefits in Oregon in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

#### Oregon Congressional District 4

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	68,872	241,494	310,366
With one or more people 60 years and over	27.6%	46.8%	42.5%
With Children under 18 years	44.7%	20.4%	25.8%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months</b>			
Below poverty level	49.1%	10.7%	19.2%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	89.6%	93.3%	92.5%
Black or African American	1.0%	0.5%	0.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	2.5%	1.1%	1.4%
Asian	1.0%	1.9%	1.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Some other race	1.8%	1.0%	1.1%
Two or more races	4.1%	2.1%	2.6%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	6.9%	3.9%	4.6%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	85.3%	90.7%	89.5%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$19,728	\$49,896	\$41,651
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	42,894	148,033	190,927
No workers in the past 12 months	21.9%	22.5%	22.4%
1 worker in the past 12 months	48.5%	29.8%	34.0%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	29.6%	47.7%	43.6%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries



## PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

### *Oregon Congressional District 5*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$1.3 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 817,575 people in Oregon. The program served 100 percent of those eligible for benefits in Oregon in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

### Oregon Congressional District 5

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	55,460	237,660	293,120
With one or more people 60 years and over	26.3%	42.1%	39.1%
With Children under 18 years	52.1%	27.6%	32.2%
<b>Poverty Status in the past 12 Months</b>			
Below poverty level	43.7%	6.6%	13.6%
<b>Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder</b>			
White	82.8%	91.5%	89.9%
Black or African American	1.0%	0.6%	0.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.7%	0.9%	1.0%
Asian	1.7%	2.4%	2.3%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%
Some other race	7.3%	2.3%	3.2%
Two or more races	5.1%	2.0%	2.6%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	19.1%	7.0%	9.3%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	72.6%	87.1%	84.3%
<b>Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)</b>			
Median income (dollars)	\$24,131	\$60,591	\$52,258
<b>Work Status</b>			
Families	39,810	157,503	197,313
No workers in the past 12 months	19.4%	15.9%	16.6%
1 worker in the past 12 months	44.9%	30.3%	33.2%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	35.7%	53.8%	50.2%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113<sup>th</sup> Congressional District boundaries

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