



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 1

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Georgia Congressional District 1

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	36,614	221,588	258,202
With one or more people 60 years and over	24.5%	35.2%	33.7%
With Children under 18 years	59.9%	30.5%	34.7%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	54.6%	11.4%	17.5%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	47.4%	71.2%	67.8%
Black or African American	48.5%	24.2%	27.7%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%
Asian	0.6%	1.6%	1.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	1.9%	1.4%	1.5%
Two or more races	1.4%	1.2%	1.2%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5.3%	4.6%	4.7%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	44.8%	68.4%	65.1%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$18,129	\$50,249	\$45,074
Work Status			
Families	28,169	147,444	175,613
No workers in the past 12 months	22.5%	15.0%	16.2%
1 worker in the past 12 months	49.2%	35.6%	37.8%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	28.3%	49.4%	46.0%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 2

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Georgia Congressional District 2

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	64,939	184,297	249,236
With one or more people 60 years and over	27.4%	39.2%	36.1%
With Children under 18 years	51.4%	26.8%	33.2%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	60.6%	13.3%	25.6%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	24.4%	54.7%	46.8%
Black or African American	72.7%	41.6%	49.7%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian	0.2%	1.1%	0.9%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%
Two or more races	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	3.3%	3.1%	3.2%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	23.2%	53.3%	45.4%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$14,432	\$42,725	\$33,333
Work Status			
Families	45,749	118,636	164,385
No workers in the past 12 months	30.5%	16.8%	20.7%
1 worker in the past 12 months	49.8%	35.6%	39.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	19.7%	47.6%	39.8%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 3

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Georgia Congressional District 3

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	39,346	211,756	251,102
With one or more people 60 years and over	26.3%	36.6%	35.0%
With Children under 18 years	57.7%	32.9%	36.8%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	53.4%	8.2%	15.3%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	57.3%	77.0%	73.9%
Black or African American	39.9%	19.2%	22.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.6%	0.2%	0.3%
Asian	0.1%	1.6%	1.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	1.0%	0.9%	0.9%
Two or more races	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5.6%	3.5%	3.8%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	53.0%	74.6%	71.2%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$19,615	\$59,616	\$51,959
Work Status			
Families	30,289	151,557	181,846
No workers in the past 12 months	27.6%	13.6%	15.9%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.3%	33.7%	36.0%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	25.1%	52.7%	48.1%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 4

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Georgia Congressional District 4

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	45,081	197,603	242,684
With one or more people 60 years and over	23.3%	30.0%	28.8%
With Children under 18 years	62.0%	31.7%	37.4%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	46.5%	9.1%	16.1%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	17.2%	38.9%	34.9%
Black or African American	71.5%	54.0%	57.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%
Asian	4.1%	3.7%	3.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	5.0%	1.9%	2.5%
Two or more races	2.1%	1.2%	1.4%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	9.7%	5.2%	6.1%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	13.7%	35.9%	31.8%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$23,641	\$53,798	\$48,335
Work Status			
Families	36,249	127,988	164,237
No workers in the past 12 months	18.0%	10.5%	12.1%
1 worker in the past 12 months	49.4%	35.8%	38.8%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	32.6%	53.7%	49.1%

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**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Georgia Congressional District 5*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Georgia Congressional District 5

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	54,661	224,514	279,175
With one or more people 60 years and over	28.7%	26.1%	26.6%
With Children under 18 years	49.0%	19.3%	25.1%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	57.0%	13.5%	22.0%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	11.0%	45.0%	38.3%
Black or African American	84.5%	48.5%	55.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.5%	0.2%	0.3%
Asian	0.7%	3.5%	2.9%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	2.0%	1.2%	1.4%
Two or more races	1.3%	1.5%	1.4%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	6.5%	4.7%	5.1%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	7.5%	42.1%	35.3%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$15,912	\$51,442	\$42,282
Work Status			
Families	36,631	96,841	133,472
No workers in the past 12 months	27.2%	11.1%	15.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	48.0%	37.1%	40.1%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	24.8%	51.8%	44.4%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 6

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Georgia Congressional District 6

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	14,135	257,525	271,660
With one or more people 60 years and over	23.1%	28.1%	27.8%
With Children under 18 years	61.3%	32.7%	34.2%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	49.1%	7.3%	9.5%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	50.9%	74.5%	73.2%
Black or African American	33.0%	13.9%	14.9%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.5%	0.2%	0.3%
Asian	6.5%	8.5%	8.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	5.5%	1.4%	1.6%
Two or more races	2.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	25.4%	7.6%	8.5%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	32.6%	69.0%	67.1%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$21,248	\$80,563	\$76,359
Work Status			
Families	10,660	167,323	177,983
No workers in the past 12 months	11.6%	9.6%	9.7%
1 worker in the past 12 months	42.8%	33.1%	33.7%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	45.6%	57.3%	56.6%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 7

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Georgia Congressional District 7

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	24,133	205,932	230,065
With one or more people 60 years and over	17.3%	25.7%	24.8%
With Children under 18 years	70.6%	41.0%	44.1%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	40.1%	7.4%	10.8%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	39.2%	64.5%	61.9%
Black or African American	33.5%	17.7%	19.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.7%	0.4%	0.5%
Asian	6.7%	11.0%	10.6%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	16.0%	4.7%	5.9%
Two or more races	2.8%	1.6%	1.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	29.7%	12.0%	13.9%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	27.7%	58.0%	54.8%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$25,624	\$68,797	\$62,620
Work Status			
Families	20,876	154,809	175,685
No workers in the past 12 months	12.8%	7.9%	8.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	55.1%	34.7%	37.1%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	32.1%	57.5%	54.5%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 8

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Georgia Congressional District 8

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	47,714	203,890	251,604
With one or more people 60 years and over	26.2%	37.2%	35.1%
With Children under 18 years	54.1%	28.7%	33.6%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	56.6%	12.5%	20.9%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	45.4%	72.7%	67.5%
Black or African American	49.6%	23.7%	28.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Asian	0.7%	1.1%	1.0%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	3.0%	1.4%	1.7%
Two or more races	1.3%	1.0%	1.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5.8%	4.0%	4.4%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	42.8%	70.3%	65.1%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$16,579	\$46,362	\$39,310
Work Status			
Families	34,826	134,456	169,282
No workers in the past 12 months	29.9%	17.4%	20.0%
1 worker in the past 12 months	45.3%	33.8%	36.2%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	24.8%	48.8%	43.8%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 9

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Georgia Congressional District 9

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	38,193	211,997	250,190
With one or more people 60 years and over	28.3%	42.6%	40.4%
With Children under 18 years	55.2%	30.1%	33.9%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	54.1%	11.0%	17.6%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	81.3%	91.2%	89.7%
Black or African American	13.9%	5.2%	6.5%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%
Asian	0.3%	0.9%	0.8%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	2.9%	1.7%	1.9%
Two or more races	1.4%	0.7%	0.8%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	13.4%	6.3%	7.4%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	71.0%	86.7%	84.3%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$19,367	\$50,176	\$43,823
Work Status			
Families	28,300	153,017	181,317
No workers in the past 12 months	26.0%	18.6%	19.8%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.6%	33.8%	36.0%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	26.4%	47.5%	44.2%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 10

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Georgia Congressional District 10

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	36,079	205,919	241,998
With one or more people 60 years and over	25.6%	36.2%	34.6%
With Children under 18 years	56.9%	31.5%	35.3%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	53.0%	12.2%	18.2%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	45.1%	77.3%	72.5%
Black or African American	50.5%	18.8%	23.5%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian	0.7%	1.9%	1.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	1.3%	0.8%	0.9%
Two or more races	1.9%	1.0%	1.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	3.9%	4.1%	4.1%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	43.0%	74.2%	69.5%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$19,768	\$53,134	\$46,336
Work Status			
Families	27,122	144,180	171,302
No workers in the past 12 months	23.0%	15.1%	16.3%
1 worker in the past 12 months	48.5%	33.1%	35.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	28.5%	51.9%	48.2%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 11

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Georgia Congressional District 11

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	24,278	238,395	262,673
With one or more people 60 years and over	23.4%	28.0%	27.5%
With Children under 18 years	59.4%	32.9%	35.3%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	45.2%	7.8%	11.3%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	57.2%	78.7%	76.7%
Black or African American	32.5%	14.5%	16.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7%	0.3%	0.4%
Asian	0.6%	2.9%	2.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	6.4%	2.1%	2.5%
Two or more races	2.5%	1.4%	1.5%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	18.6%	6.7%	7.8%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	46.7%	74.6%	72.0%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$24,268	\$65,328	\$60,277
Work Status			
Families	19,025	157,288	176,313
No workers in the past 12 months	16.2%	9.7%	10.4%
1 worker in the past 12 months	52.8%	33.8%	35.8%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	30.9%	56.5%	53.8%

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PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 12

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Georgia Congressional District 12

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	45,025	200,929	245,954
With one or more people 60 years and over	25.6%	36.4%	34.4%
With Children under 18 years	55.9%	28.5%	33.5%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	61.6%	13.5%	22.3%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	40.7%	69.2%	63.9%
Black or African American	55.5%	26.8%	32.1%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian	0.2%	1.6%	1.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	2.0%	1.2%	1.3%
Two or more races	1.3%	1.0%	1.0%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5.8%	3.5%	3.9%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	37.8%	67.2%	61.8%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$15,923	\$47,482	\$40,117
Work Status			
Families	33,047	130,739	163,786
No workers in the past 12 months	28.2%	15.5%	18.0%
1 worker in the past 12 months	51.8%	36.1%	39.2%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	20.0%	48.5%	42.7%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 13

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Georgia Congressional District 13

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	47,335	197,057	244,392
With one or more people 60 years and over	21.5%	29.5%	28.0%
With Children under 18 years	66.4%	33.6%	39.9%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	49.2%	9.4%	17.1%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	26.7%	41.3%	38.5%
Black or African American	67.5%	53.0%	55.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian	1.0%	2.4%	2.1%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	2.9%	2.0%	2.1%
Two or more races	1.7%	1.1%	1.2%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	9.4%	6.3%	6.9%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	21.0%	37.5%	34.3%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$23,725	\$57,007	\$49,626
Work Status			
Families	39,357	133,142	172,499
No workers in the past 12 months	20.5%	9.9%	12.3%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.8%	35.4%	38.2%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	31.7%	54.7%	49.4%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Georgia Congressional District 14

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2013, SNAP provided about \$3.2 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 1,948,189 people in Georgia. The program served 89 percent of those eligible for benefits in Georgia in 2012. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2011-2013 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2013*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Georgia Congressional District 14

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	41,104	202,895	243,999
With one or more people 60 years and over	27.1%	36.2%	34.7%
With Children under 18 years	55.5%	34.8%	38.3%
Poverty Status in the past 12 Months			
Below poverty level	53.9%	10.6%	17.9%
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	80.6%	90.1%	88.5%
Black or African American	14.9%	6.7%	8.1%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.5%	0.1%	0.2%
Asian	0.4%	0.8%	0.8%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	NA	NA	NA
Some other race	2.4%	1.3%	1.5%
Two or more races	1.2%	0.9%	0.9%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	8.9%	6.9%	7.2%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	74.8%	84.7%	83.1%
Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2013 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)			
Median income (dollars)	\$18,587	\$50,318	\$43,155
Work Status			
Families	30,624	148,380	179,004
No workers in the past 12 months	26.5%	14.1%	16.2%
1 worker in the past 12 months	49.6%	32.3%	35.3%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	23.9%	53.6%	48.5%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded February 2015), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (February 2015); U.S. Census Bureau 2011-2013 American Community Survey, using 113th Congressional District boundaries